International Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences (IJHSS) ISSN (P): 2319–393X; ISSN (E): 2319–3948 Vol. 12, Issue 2, Jul–Dec 2023; 63–70 © IASET



FEMINES IN DECCAN DURING THE NIZAMS

N. Venkateshwarlu

Assistant Professor of History, Department of History, GDC, Dubbak, Siddipet, Telangana-502108, India

ABSTRACT

Drought is the biggest natural calamity. It is inevitable, and there are certain natural and manmade causes adding to the intensity and the effect of famine or drought. The rulers unfriendly policies, and ineffective policies enhanced the intensity of famine several times. There are no kingdoms in ancient periods which are escaped from the claws of calamities. Nizams state is also one of the princely states which have suffered from the famines. During the last several centuries many parts of our country have been prone to severe drought and famine conditions due to few major factors. They are Political instability, internal chaos, spreading of severe infectious diseases like Plague, Cholera etc., drastic change in climatic conditions and rapid deforestation.

KEYWORDS: Famine, Natural Calamity, Manmade, Effect, Nizams, Drought, Political, Diseases